



HOME OF THE

NOTA DV

THE HISTORY OF THE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION

Qualifications

An applicant must be at least 19 years of age and a resident of Alaska. Residing in Alaska and in fact maintaining a permanent place of abode in Alaska is required.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

Once the applicant has completed the bond form and educational

requirements, the applicant must submit the completed form to the appropriate authority.

10/1/2024

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[The following text is extremely faint and largely illegible due to heavy noise and low contrast. It appears to be a list of items or a detailed report, possibly containing names and dates.]

suggested that a rubber stamp be purchased for convenience, it is
 this information. which contains

valuable evidence. It can both protect the rights of citizens and help notaries defend themselves against false accusations.

Designation of Commission

If you wish to serve as a notary public, please return your commission certificate, and a letter of resignation to the Lieutenant Governor's Office. A reason for the resignation and an effective date of resignation is appreciated.

As a Notary

State Employee

Alaska Statute 44.50.170 states, "The Lieutenant Governor may appoint and commission state employees as notaries public to act for and on behalf of a department of the state."

1. $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$

2. $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9}$

3. $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{16}$

4. $\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{25}$

5.

6. $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{36}$

7.

8. $\frac{1}{7} \times \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{49}$

9.

10.

11. $\frac{1}{8} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{64}$

12. $\frac{1}{9} \times \frac{1}{9} = \frac{1}{81}$

13. $\frac{1}{10} \times \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{100}$

14. $\frac{1}{11} \times \frac{1}{11} = \frac{1}{121}$

15. $\frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{144}$

16. $\frac{1}{13} \times \frac{1}{13} = \frac{1}{169}$

17. $\frac{1}{14} \times \frac{1}{14} = \frac{1}{196}$

18. $\frac{1}{15} \times \frac{1}{15} = \frac{1}{225}$

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

val box

1) Check new commission or renew



NOTARY BOND

State of Alaska

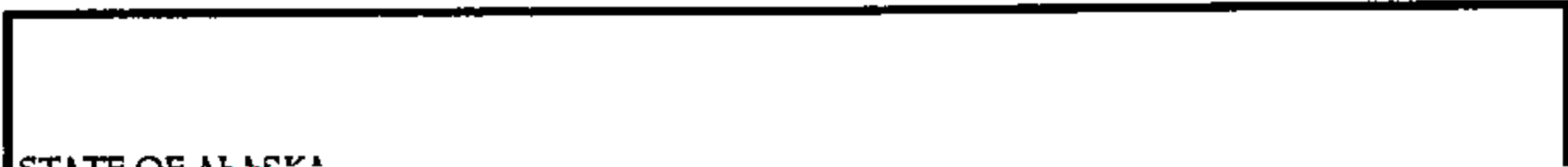
Test Scores _____

New Commission

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Case Number _____





STATE OF ALASKA

13 Judicial District

COMMERCIAL BOATING COMPLAINT

§ 15.05.010

§ 15.05.020

§ 15.05.030

§ 15.05.040

§ 15.05.050

§ 15.05.060

§ 15.05.070

§ 15.05.080

§ 15.05.090

§ 15.05.100

§ 15.05.110

§ 15.05.120

§ 15.05.130

§ 15.05.140

ntary? _____ What is a no

an official appointed by the state to serve the public as an

notary seal must be affixed to every notarized document, even

*A

on absentee ballots.

way it appears on the

Must I sign my name exactly the

certificate?

is incomplete without

You should not. A notarization i

notarize. It is not the notary's role or obligation to decide what type of notarial act is needed for a given document.

decision. The signer should be asked to indicate what kind of certificate is appropriate. This information may be what kind of certificate is appropriate. This information may be what kind of

is a legal what kind of

A notarization may be challenged in court and be considered void if it is determined that a notary did not require

circumstances... circumstances

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What is a credible witness?

What forms of identification should I request?

The best form of identification to use is one which includes a photograph, signature and ideally a physical description. A valid driver's license is the best source of identification. Alaska Statute requires persons appearing before a notary to produce identification.

What should I do if I suspect a person is being forced to sign a document?

If you suspect a person is being forced to sign a document, you should refuse to notarize the document. If you fear violence, you might notarize and then contact the police.

How can I screen for competency?

The constituent should be able to communicate with you in some fashion and have the ability to indicate a basic understanding of the document. If you have a reasonable doubt as to the constituent's competency, you may consult an available expert, such as the constituent's doctor or attorney. However, your common sense should prevail. If the constituent is unable to understand the document, the notarization should not be performed.

What are the reasons for a document being rejected by recorders?

cause recorders to reject

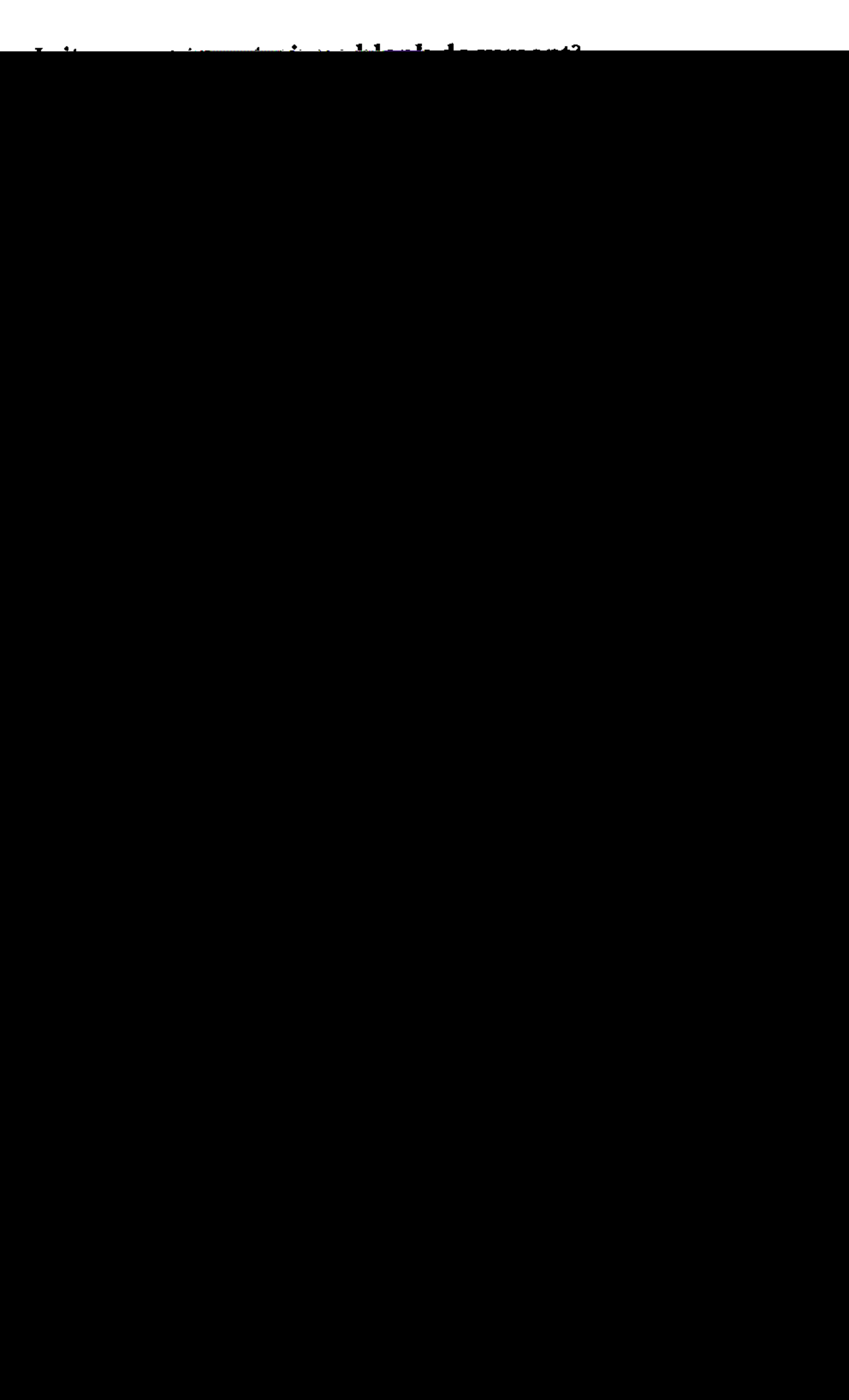
a) Missing or illegible seal impression

a) foreign language?

a) RECI CONSUL

b) Locate a bill

recommended



May I notarize documents from other states?

other states may be notarized by you
On the notary certificate, you must
in which the notarization took place.

Documents that originate in
as long as you are in Alaska
identify the jurisdiction

No, a notary does not have authority to prepare legal documents. N
d have All documents presented to a notary for notarization should

What is the difference between a jurat and an

affirmation?

A jurat is a solemn declaration made by a witness or a party to a legal proceeding, typically in the presence of a judge or a notary public. It involves the witness or party swearing or affirming that the statements they are making are true and accurate. The jurat is often used in legal proceedings, such as trials, depositions, and affidavits, to ensure the reliability of the testimony or statements.

An affirmation, on the other hand, is a solemn declaration made by a witness or a party to a legal proceeding, typically in the presence of a judge or a notary public. It involves the witness or party affirming that the statements they are making are true and accurate. The affirmation is often used in legal proceedings, such as trials, depositions, and affidavits, to ensure the reliability of the testimony or statements.

The main difference between a jurat and an affirmation is the use of religious or solemn language. A jurat typically involves the use of words like "swear" or "affirm" and may include a reference to a deity or a sacred text. An affirmation, on the other hand, is a secular statement of truth and does not involve any religious or solemn language.

Both a jurat and an affirmation are used to ensure the reliability of the testimony or statements made in legal proceedings. They are both considered legally binding and can be used as evidence in court. The choice between a jurat and an affirmation is often left to the discretion of the witness or the party making the statement.

In summary, a jurat is a solemn declaration made by a witness or a party to a legal proceeding, typically in the presence of a judge or a notary public. It involves the witness or party swearing or affirming that the statements they are making are true and accurate. The jurat is often used in legal proceedings, such as trials, depositions, and affidavits, to ensure the reliability of the testimony or statements.

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10/10/10

465-5400; Phone 465-3509

Fax 465-3509

10/10/10

recognizing the **ACKNOWLEDGMENT** - the act of admitting or

existence of an agreement by signing as evidence of one's intention

to be bound by the terms of the agreement

acknowledgment is a statement of fact that is made by a party to a contract

and is used to prove the existence of a contract

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acknowledgment

Oath - A solemn pledge or promise containing reference to a deity. (A person who intentionally makes false statements under oath is guilty of perjury.)

POWER OF ATTORNEY - Document authorizing an attorney-in-fact to sign or act for a principal; authorization to sign or act for a principal as attorney-in-fact.

Attorney-in-fact - A person authorized to act for another person, usually by a power of attorney.

Attorney-in-law - A person who is a member of the bar and is qualified to practice law.

Attorney-at-law - A person who is a member of the bar and is qualified to practice law.

Jurat

State of _____

Judicial District _____ .SS

_____ day of _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

in the year _____.

Notary Public (Signature)

My commission expires _____

_____ My commi

My commission expires _____

My commi

_____, a Notary Public of the

before me, _____ (Notary

_____, (affiant's

State of Alaska, personally appeared

in due form of law that the

_____ and made his/her oath/affirm

the _____ (name of

matters and facts set forth in

document) are true.

_____ hand and notarial seal.

As witness my

State of _____

County of _____

_____, hereby swear (or affirm) that the attached
~~is an original document~~
(~~is an original document~~)

I, _____
(Name of custodian)

(Description of original document with number of pages)

(Description)

Without Witness Acknowledgment

Subscribed

State of _____

DISTRICT COURT AND OFFICE OF

OFFICES

THE GOVERNOR ADDRESS

701

Sitka, AK 99835

Fairbanks, AK 99701

Clerk of Court

Anchorage

Office of the Governor
675 7th Avenue, Station H
Fairbanks, AK 99701

Juneau

Second District

Clerk of Court
PO Box 1100
Nome, AK 99762-1100

Sec. 44-50-100. Basic Taxation From March 1, 1961, every person appointed a notary public in
an official bond of \$1,000, approved July 1, 1961, shall execute

~~other supplies required in connection with the amputation.~~

~~_____~~

Sec. 09.63.030. Notarization.

_____ SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO (OR AFFIRMED) BEFORE ME at _____

(City)

on _____,

(date)

Signature of Officer

Title of Officer

(c) If the document is sworn to or affirmed before a notary public or

may be in substantially _____ (c) A verification made under this section may be in the following form:

_____ says on oath or affirms that he (or she) has read _____

armed forces to perform notarial acts if the notarial act is performed in the United States of America

in the United States of America, a person authorized to perform notarial acts in the United States of America

in the United States of America, a person authorized to perform notarial acts in the United States of America

in the United States of America, a person authorized to perform notarial acts in the United States of America

in the United States of America, a person authorized to perform notarial acts in the United States of America

in the United States of America, a person authorized to perform notarial acts in the United States of America

in the United States of America, a person authorized to perform notarial acts in the United States of America

in the United States of America, a person authorized to perform notarial acts in the United States of America

notarial act is performed by a person described in (a) If the

AS 09.63.050(1)(4) other than a person authorized to perform

acts by the laws or regulations of a foreign country, the notarial

signature, rank or title and, if appropriate, the serial number of the signature

is performed or a representative of the country in which the notarial

act is performed is a citizen of the United States or a resident in the United States

and that office is authorized to perform notarial acts in the United States

performing the notarial act is the official seal of the person performing the act;

the document; or (2) the official seal of the person performing the act;

the document; or (2) the official seal of the person performing the act;

the document; or (2) the official seal of the person performing the act;

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the document; or (2) the official seal of the person performing the act;

If the notarial act is performed by a person other than a person (c)

performing the notarial act is the official seal of the person performing the act;

the document; or (2) the official seal of the person performing the act;

the document; or (2) the official seal of the person performing the act;

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~~AS 09.05.050. Certificate of person taking acknowledgment~~

~~AS 09.05.050. Certificate of person taking acknowledgment~~

~~10~~

~~AS 09.05.050. Certificate of person taking acknowledgment~~

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~~AS 09.05.050. Certificate of person taking acknowledgment~~

~~Recognition of certificate of acknowledgment~~

~~Sec. 09.05.050. AC~~

~~State of acknowledgment used by a person~~

~~The form of a certificate~~

~~AS 09.05.050. Certificate of person taking acknowledgment~~

~~whose authority to recognize~~

shall be accepted in the state if

by the laws or

(1) the certificate is in a form prescribed

regulations of the state,

scribed by the laws or

(2) the certificate is in a form pr

ce in which the acknowledgment

regulations applicable in the pla

the instrument as the act of the _____ proper authority and executed
stated in it: _____ partnership for the purposes stated

in fact, _____
by proper _____
it; _____
d the instrument in the capacity and for the _____ that the person signed
and _____ purposes stated in it;

(iv) a person acknowledging as a principal by an attorney _____
acknowledged that the person executed the instrument by _____
authority as the act of the principal for the purposes stated in _____

(v) a person acknowledging as a public officer, trustee, _____
administrator, guardian, or other representative, acknowledged _____
the instrument in the capacity and for the _____ that the person signed

and _____ purposes stated in it;
the acknowledgment either knew or had _____ (2) the person taking the acknowledgment
knowing is the decision _____ satisfactory evidence that the person acknowledged

Instrument of Certificate (Sec. 109.07, Stats. 1901) _____ dated in the first

Sec. 09.63.100. Forms of acknowledgment.

These may _____ (a) The forms of acknowledgment set out in this subsec-
pective purposes under _____ be used and are sufficient for their res-

STATE OF TEXAS
COUNTY OF _____

Title or Rank

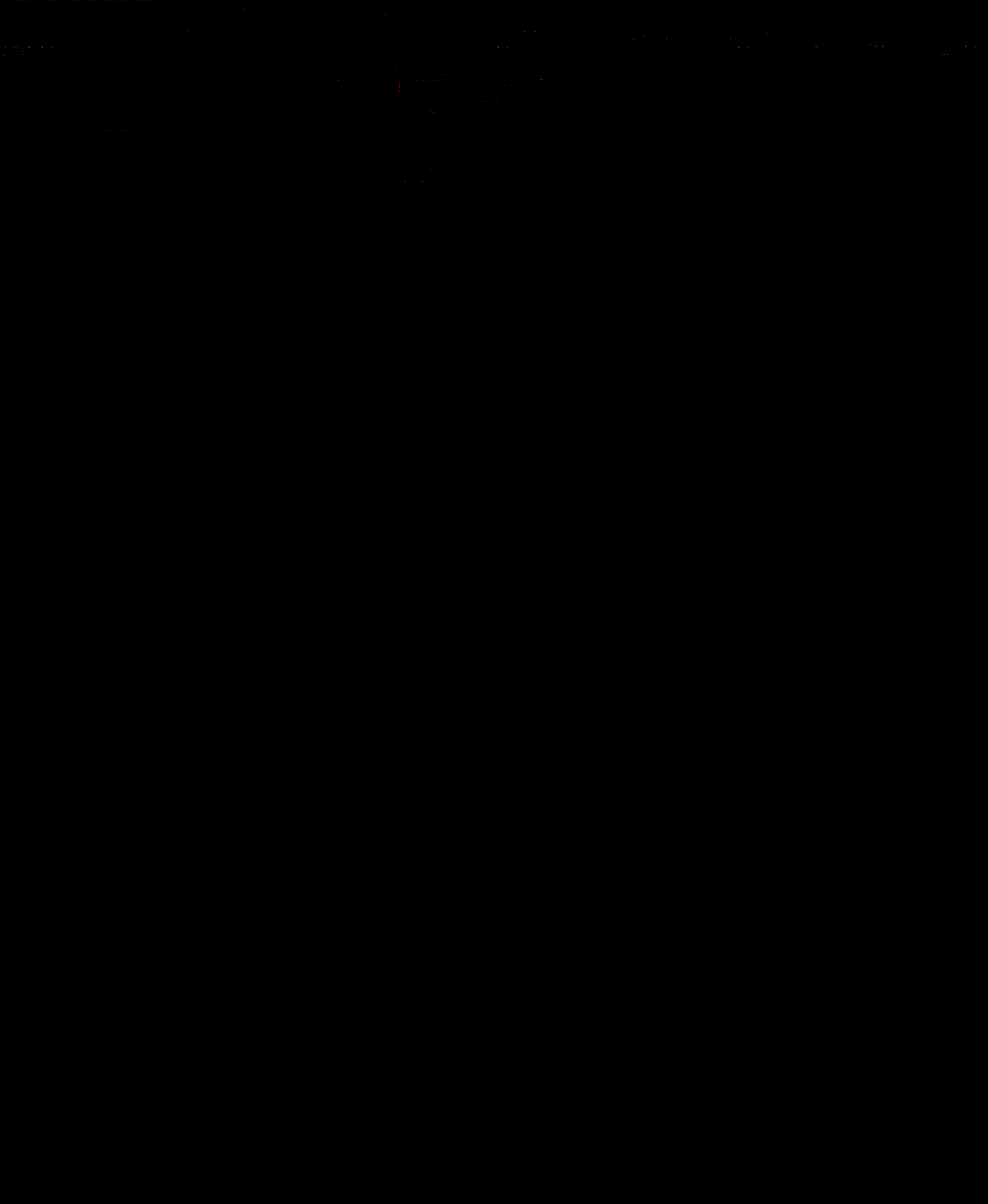
serial number, if any _____

(2) For a corporation:

State of _____

Judicial District (or County of _____)

Subsequent to the date of the report, the following information was obtained from the company's records:



COURT OF CIVIL

STATE OF ALASKA

Judicial District

UNLESS SURETY IS COMMERCIAL BONDING COMPANY

THIS SECTION MUST BE COMPLE

clients
g) employees and business partners
h) state law and regulation
i) customers and business partners
d) personal convenience.

2. Alaskan notaries are commissioned by
3. Alaskan notaries are commissioned by
a) the Governor's office and have state-wide jurisdiction
b) the lieutenant governor's office and have state-wide jurisdiction
c) the state and have nation-wide jurisdiction
d) the lieutenant governor's office and have state-wide jurisdiction

statements
of must be given in the notary's presence.
a) may be given over the phone
b) may be given over the phone
c) may be given over the phone
d) must be given in the notary's presence

8. Keeping a journal of notarial acts is

a) not necessary.

b) required by Alaskan Statute.

c) not required by Alaskan Statute, but highly recommended.

d) not required by Alaskan Statute, but highly recommended.

e) none of the above.

9. When completing a notarial act on Alaskan notary

a) guarantees the truth of statements in a document.

b) certifies the identity of the signers.

c) certifies the signers' signatures.

d) certifies the signers' identities.

Alaska Notary Public Name & Address Change Request

Seward, Alaska 99575
(907) 465-5400 fax

Date: _____

Case Number: _____